Accurate Democracy



Funding and Policies Match the Spread and Center of Voter Opinions

"This is *the* site for learning about democracy." — Zoe Weil, author of *Most Good, Least Harm*, president of the Institute for Humane Education.

 "...a huge contribution to the democracy cause."
— John M. Richardson Jr., former chairman of the National Endowment for Democracy.

"Congratulations on a brilliant piece of work." Robert Fuller, former president of Oberlin College, author of *Somebodies and Nobodies* and *All Rise*.

The book's primer, games and pictures let you **Read, Touch and See How**

The best types of voting are **quick and easy**, **centered and stable**, **yet inclusive and fair**. They help groups, from classrooms to countries.

One tool compares the votes for each version of a policy. Two give fair shares of council seats or \$pending

To Use and Enjoy

Share the colorful booklet with friends. Grow support in your school, club or town. Enjoy better power relations and policies.

fairvote.org/get-involved

Accurate Democracy eBook

4 Voting Tools



Parts A, B, and C reveal how tools steer power.

A. Voting Primer tells the stories of the four tools

- Tragedies, Eras and Progress of Democracy 4
- 1. <u>Ranked Choice Voting</u> elects a majority Leader 14
- 2. <u>Fair Representation</u> elects a balanced Council 16
- 3. Fair Share Voting sets optional Budgets .. New 22
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- **B. Workshop Games** let us be inside the **four** tallies
- C. SimElection [™] Maps make tally patterns visible
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1. Ranked Choice Voting, RCV, elects leaders. Many cities are adopting it from California to Minnesota and Maine, Utah to NYC; plus Duke, Harvard, Princeton, Rice, Stanford, Tufts, MIT, Cal Tech, Carlton, Clark, GW, Reed, UCSC, Vassar, and the Universities of Houston, Auburn, CA, IA, IL, MA, MN, NC, OK, TX, VA, WA and WY.

2. Multi-winner RCV elects balanced councils at Cambridge, Carnegie Mellon, Clark, CUNY, MIT, Oberlin, Oxford, UC Cal, UC Davis, UCLA, Vassar and more. Australian and Irish voters have used RCV for decades. Step 1: Ranked Choice Voting elects a majority winner from a single election

Voting is easy. **Rank your favorite** as first choice, **and backup choices**: second, third, etc. as you like. Your civic duty to vote is done.

Now your vote counts for your top-rank candidate. If no candidate gets a majority, the one with <u>fewest</u> <u>votes loses</u>. So we eliminate that one from the tally. Your vote stays with your favorite if she advances. If she has lost then your vote counts for your backup. This repeats until one candidate gets a **majority**.

Why Support Ranked Choice Voting, RCV

- Backups give you more power and freedom to express opinions with less risk of wasting your vote.
- No hurting your first choice by ranking a backup, that does not count unless your first choice has lost.
- No worry about vote splitting in a faction as votes for its loser(s) can count for each supporter's backup.
- A majority winner from one election, so no winner with a weak mandate and no costly runoff election.
- High voter turnout also creates a strong mandate. The turnout for an election runoff often goes down.⁵
- More civility and consensus² arise³ as candidates ask a rival's fans for their backup votes.⁴

More pages in the free eBook.

Summary and Index of Benefits

Ranked Choice Voting has proven to Page*

- Give fair shares of reps to the rival groups; so16 Diverse candidates have real chances to win; so18 Voters have real choices and effective votes; so17 Voter turnout is stronger.61

≻ 🟶 An RCV Toolbox does more 🛞 🎐

- 4. Elect a few central reps, key votes pulling.......31, 56 reps from many factions to moderate policies. ...8, 54
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Social Effects

These Are Tools Between People

A group's decision rules pull its **culture** toward fair shares *or* toward winner takes all. They spread power wide and balanced, *or* narrow and lopsided. Other relations among members may follow their models.

Fair rules make **cooperation** safer, faster and easier. This favors people and groups who tend to cooperate. It may lead others to cooperate more often.



Politics are more **principled** and peaceful when all the rules help us find fair shares and central majorities. This might reduce political fears within our community; which helps us to be more receptive, creative and free.

So better rules help us build better decisions, plus better **relationships**. Both can please most people. Fair rules won't please some who get money or selfesteem from war-like politics. But countries with fair rules tend to rank high in social trust and happiness.¹ Voting is an exemplary tool between people.

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